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Away Below Zero

COLDEST WEATHER OF THE WINTER IS NOW PREVAILING.

Bismarck, North Dakota, Reports Thirty-two Degrees Below Zero, and Many

Other Places From Twenty to Thirty Below—People Freezing in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Jan. 25.—According to the records of the weather bureau this is the coldest day in Chicago in 25 years. At no time since the Chicago station has been established has there been so low a maximum temperature recorded. It is a steady cold. The signal service reports 17 below and still falling. On the street it is several degrees below that. The cold is made more intense, as it is accompanied by a brisk, sharp wind.

The sufferings among the poorer class is intense, and a number of cases of destitution were reported to the police. At Grand Crossing, 33 families with 86 children were found in their poorly protected hovels, unable to care for themselves. Kars, noses and hands were whitened and numbened by the cold. They were cared for by physicians summoned to render relief.

In South Chicago five families were found actually freezing to death. These were also removed by the police to warmer quarters, where proper treatment was given them. A number of other cases were found in other parts of the city.

To aid the poor on account of the extreme severity of the weather the county coal contractor delivered 400 loads of coal to destitute families yesterday. This is the first time such a delivery has been made on Sunday. Food and clothing were also given out.

There were between 15 or 20 cases reported to the police of people being found in the streets suffering from frozen hands, feet, ears and noses. Of these two or three are in a serious condition. Only one death from cold was reported, that of a child.

EXTREME NORTHWEST.

Coldest Weather of the Winter Is Now Prevailing.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 25.—The coldest weather of the winter thus far was experienced in this section last night and today, the mercury being away down in the minus figures, from 20 to 30 degrees below, thermometers varying in different parts of the city. The weather bureau's official record in this city gave 18 below zero, while other northern stations reported as follows: Helena, 14 below; Bismarck and Winnipeg, 24 below; Huron, 20 below, and Duluth, 18 below.

Specials from Rochester, Minn., say that it is the coldest day for many years, the thermometer being 20 below, and the severe cold is intensified by a 25-mile gale from the northwest. The mercury is falling steadily.

Aberdeen, S. D., has not had a mail train from any direction since Friday night and indications are strong that the blockade will prove to be the worst yet experienced. No effort has been made to clear the roads for three days past, because of continual wind, and the cuts are now full. The Milwaukee passenger train from the south is in a drift near Bonilla.

Bismarck, N. D., reports a severe blizzard prevailing with mercury 32 below zero and a high wind blowing. It is the worst storm of the season for stockmen, and the losses will probably be heavy, owing to the low temperature.

EXTENT OF THE COLD WAVE.

As Far East as the Ohio Valley and Southward to Texas.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The severe cold wave now extends as far east as the Ohio valley and southward to Texas where the temperatures have fallen from 20 to 40 degrees in the past 24 hours. It is below freezing in Tennessee and central Texas; it is below zero in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Missouri, and 20 degrees below zero over the Dakotas and Minnesota.

Light local snows are reported from southern New England and southwestward over the Ohio valley, Tennessee and northern Texas. The weather is generally fair in the northwest and the south Atlantic states.

The indications are that the cold wave will extend eastward and southward over the Atlantic and Gulf coasts Monday the temperature will fall to near zero from Virginia northward and freezing weather will extend southward to the Gulf and south Atlantic states.

Blizzard Raging in Texas.

AUSTIN, Jan. 25.—A cold wave struck this section yesterday and increased in velocity until midnight when a drizzling rain began, which is freezing as it falls, covering everything with ice. The mercury dropped from 46 to 16 above zero and is still falling. Reports from stock ranges in the west of the state say that much severe loss of severe loss is felt as many herds are without shelter.

Natural Gas Pressure Very Low.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 25.—The cold wave has this city by the throat, the thermometer at the weather office registering 5 below zero. The natural gas pressure is very low and as all residents depend upon it for fuel there is great suffering. The weather conditions are similar throughout the state. At Anderson it is 7 degrees below and at Warsaw 10.

Cold in Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, Jan. 25.—An intense cold wave is prevailing here with a strong and bitterly cold wind blowing. Flurries of snow have also been experienced. The local weather bureau reports 18 above zero and still falling.

Coldest of the Winter in Michigan.

DETROIT, Jan. 25.—Michigan is experiencing the coldest weather of the winter. The temperature ranges from 6 degrees below zero in Detroit to 15 degrees below at upper peninsula points.

ONLY TWO ESCAPED.

Details of the Recent Massacre of the British Expedition to Benin City.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—A dispatch just received from Lagos, capital of the British West African colony of that name, gives details of the massacre of the British expedition under Consul General J. R. Phillips by the inhabitants of Benin City, early during the present month. The party consisted of Consul General Phillips, Major P. W. G. Copland-Crawford, deputy commissioner and vice consul in the Niger coast protectorate and adjoining native territories; Captain A. M. Boisragon, commandant of the Niger coast protectorate forces; Captain Maling of the Sixteenth Lancashire regiment, of the Niger coast protectorate force; Mr. R. F. Locke of the consular staff; Dr. R. H. Elliott, medical adviser, and Messrs. Powis and Gordon, civilians.

The party was unarmed and was proceeding to Benin City, in order to make a request for a palaver, or conference with King Oba, in regard to increasing the trading facilities with that part of Africa, the king having previously consented that the expedition should visit his capital. The nine officers went unarmed in order to impress the king with the peaceful character of their mission, and over 200 native carriers were taken with the party to propel the canoes and carry presents intended for the king.

After proceeding up the river the expedition landed at a spot about 15 miles from Benin City and the carriers were sent ahead through the dense jungle, the officers following. Five miles from Benin City the officers suddenly came upon a narrow defile which was filled with the dead carriers, who were fearfully mutilated. Almost immediately afterward the officers and their servants were surrounded and attacked by hundreds of savages, armed with guns, cutlasses, spears and clubs, and in a few minutes all the members of the party, excepting Boisragon and Locke, were killed.

Captain Boisragon and his companion, after wandering in the bush for a week, living on plantains and drinking dew, succeeded in reaching New Benin, wounded and exhausted, bringing the first authentic news of the massacre.

The affair is looked upon as deserving of the sending of a punitive expedition to Benin City, known as the City of Blood, on account of its being the seat of the fetish priests of that part of Africa and because human sacrifices are of frequent occurrence, the remains of sacrificed slaves being seen bleaching in the sun on all sides.

The British warships Phoebe, Widgong, Albatross, and Forte have already been dispatched to the entrance of the river Benue. British officers left Liverpool for the same coast Saturday and munitions of war will follow on Saturday next.

COLONEL F. B. MOULTON DEAD.

He Was One of the Most Prominent Civil Engineers in the West.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 23.—Colonel F. B. Moulton, one of the most prominent civil engineers in the west, is dead, aged 87 years. Colonel Moulton was born in Boston in 1810. He entered West Point as a cadet. He there completed his studies and became engineer of the Chesapeake and Ohio canal, constructed on the left bank of the Potomac, from Georgetown to Cumberland, this being the first and most important canal built in this country.

In 1836 Colonel Moulton constructed the Lexington and Frankfort railroad, of which Henry Clay was the president. He was afterward chief engineer of the Iron Mountain railroad, now a part of the Wabash system.

DEATH IN A LOVE LETTER.

Miss Musgrave Killed by Lacerating Her Tongue On an Envelope.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Jan. 23.—Miss Helen Musgrave of Cameron township found death in a letter to her lover. While moistening the flap of the envelope, the girl's tongue was slightly lacerated, which resulted in blood poisoning, from which she died.

The girl had a quarrel with her lover, Herman Schultz, and he left for Pittsburg. As soon as he was gone, she repented, and sat down and wrote a letter asking forgiveness and pleading with him to return. It was in sealing this letter that her tongue received the laceration which ended in her death.

In response to the letter, Schultz came back, only to find his sweetheart dying.

Caused by a Defective Flue.

STEVENSVILLE, O., Jan. 23.—At Ironville James Paisley's three-story dwelling and contents, a two-story house occupied by Robert Starkey, with contents, Morrison's saloon, Duck's barber shop and the Arcade general store, with contents, were burned to the ground yesterday. Paisley's loss is \$60,000; insurance, \$1,000. The other losses had no insurance. The total loss is estimated at \$10,000 and \$15,000. The fire started from a defective flue.

Express Car Robbed.

COLUMBUS, Miss., Jan. 22.—The west-bound passenger train on the Southern railway was held up near Berry, Ala., about 7 o'clock last night, the three masked robbers stealing several express packages, amounting to about \$150, and two or three bags of liquor. This is the same place where a similar robbery was committed on Dec. 18 last, and it is supposed that this robbery was committed by the same parties.

Nine Houses Burned.

WHEELING, Jan. 23.—Shortly after midnight this morning a fire started in Mingo Junction, O., 20 miles north of Wheeling, which wiped out nearly the entire business portion of that town. An overturned lamp at a card table is said to be the cause. Nine houses were destroyed, and the property loss is estimated at about \$50,000. A fire engine was brought from Steubenville to put out the fire.

Long Strike Proclaimed.

MARSHALL, O., Jan. 22.—The coal operators of the Massillon and Jackson districts will resist the payment of a 9-cent differential for mining over the Hocking valley price, as decided upon by the miners at their national convention. They say that the question was once settled for all time by arbitration. A long strike may result.

Censorship Dispatches Report Spanish Victories—Fillibusters Tried for Piracy.

HAVANA, Jan. 25.—Captain General Weyler was uncaptured Saturday night at Bolondron, in Matanzas province, and yesterday he continued his march.

Santa Clara Taken

ACCOUNTS OF RECENT BATTLES IN CUBA NOT PERMITTED BY WIRE.

Two Travelers Just From Cuba Will Make a Report to Senator Cameron.

Censorship Dispatches Report Spanish Victories—Fillibusters Tried for Piracy.

CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 25.—Various travelers just arriving from Cuba confirm the capture of Santa Clara by the Cubans and also bring news that the insurgents have been fighting in the near vicinity of Havana, and a few days ago wrecked a passenger train within two miles of that city. Two young Englishmen direct from Cuba, Harry E. York and Lee A. Hervey, have reached this city after having passed several weeks in Cuba and with the insurgent army part of the time and the remainder in the field with the Spanish troops. Hervey has received a shot through the left arm. They are preparing a report for Senator Cameron which will be forwarded to Washington in a few days. The Cubans are not in want of men, but money, ammunition and medicine. There are not over 25,000 Cubans, while the Spaniards and volunteers now number 250,000 men, mostly very young and not good fighting material.

All operations are in the nature of guerrilla warfare and both sides are systematically burning plantations and the country will be reduced to barbarism. The Cubans are relying on being favored by McKinley and expect immediately on his inauguration he will recognize their belligerence if not their independence. Hervey gives a graphic account of the capture of Santa Clara by the insurgents where the utmost gallantry was displayed by the Spanish being overcome by the magnificent valor of the patriots. Hervey says it was told him in the Cuban camp that Macero had his lower jaw shot away but was alive and recuperating.

General Gomez is not treating for peace and although there is a peace party among the Cubans it is a small one. The capture of the town of Agutze by the Cubans was a brilliant piece of work. Three thousand Spaniards held the place but the Cubans showed better generalship.

At Santa Clara the Cubans took and held the town just long enough to ruin it. Hervey does not consider there is any decided prospect of victory for either side.

TO PUNISH FILIBUSTERS.

Judge Harmon Will Have Them Arrested, Charged With Piracy.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Since the decision of Judge Locke some days ago at Jacksonville, Fla., in the case of a suspected filibuster, the Three Friends, Attorney General Harmon has given the question raised by the defense careful consideration, and has reached the conclusion that the decision is not good law. The question was to the effect that the law prohibiting the outfitting and departure from the United States of armed expeditions to aid a people in its contests against the lawful authority of a nation with which the United States is on friendly terms does not apply to the Cuban insurgents, they not being a people within the meaning of the law.

The attorney general takes a view different in opposition to that announced by Judge Locke, and in order that the matter may be brought to a speedy determination he has applied to the United States supreme court for a writ of certiorari on the United States court of appeals at New Orleans deciding that the case be at once certified to the United States supreme court for trial.

The attorney general, in speaking of the matter, said that if Judge Locke's interpretation of the law, that these expeditions are not political, is correct, it necessarily follows that persons engaged in them are pirates, and that he was seriously considering the question of arresting them as such. The attorney general is very much in earnest in this matter and it is not at all unlikely that serious steps will be taken to put a stop to the expeditions which are constantly being set afoot in aid of the Cuban insurgents.

QUICK RETRIBUTION.

Spaniards Poison a Well and Their Own Troops the Victims.

KEY WEST, Fla., Jan. 25.—A horrible story comes from Jamento, province of Santa Clara, telling of quick retribution to the Spaniards for their butchery and barbarous methods of warfare.

A Spanish force under Captain Martell entered the place, which had been a camp of the insurgents, and before going away secretly poisoned the wells and a fine spring that is noted for miles around as affording extra pure water. That evening a Spanish band of guerrillas entered the town after the others had left and camped out. They used the water, and before the trouble could be ascertained over 25 men died.

The guerrilla captain was furious, and he charged the Cuban residents with poisoning his men. They took a lot of the principal residents prisoners and putting them in rows shot them dead. The women were then turned over to the tender mercies of the men. Several young boys who attempted to save their mothers and sisters were ruthlessly shot down. The place was burned, the captain swearing that not one board should be left to mark the place. The next day some of the soldiers from the first company were seen driving the Cuban residents, who had set for the Cubans, but were horrified to learn that their own companions in arms had been caught by their barbarous plots.

DIRECT BY WIRE.

Censorship Dispatches Report Victories For the Spanish Troops.

HAVANA, Jan. 25.—Captain General Weyler was uncaptured Saturday night at Bolondron, in Matanzas province, and yesterday he continued his march.

A number of skirmishes have occurred in Pinar del Rio, Havana, Matanzas and Santa Clara provinces, the Spanish returning fighting a number of insurgent bands and taking their camps with four prefectures, arms, effects and documents. The insurgents left 37 killed, among them being three prefects, and lost four prisoners, who were immediately court-martialed. The Spanish lost three killed and two officers and 20 soldiers wounded.

ISAAC PITMAN DEAD.

He Was the Inventor of the System of Shorthand.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—Sir Isaac Pitman, the inventor of the system of shorthand which bears his name, is dead. He has been suffering severely from a complication of troubles for some time. Sir Isaac Pitman was born at Trowbridge Wells Jan. 4, 1813. After six years' service as a clothier's clerk, he was sent to the normal college of the British and Foreign School Society, London. At the close of 1831 he was appointed a master of the British school at Trowbridge. He established the British school at Wotton-Under-Edge in 1839. His first treatise was on shorthand, entitled "Stenographic Round Hand," appeared in 1837, and he thus became the originator of spelling reform.

His system of shorthand was reformed in 1840 and entitled "Phonography or Writing by Sound," and his "Phonographic Reporter's Companion" appeared in 1846. Sir Isaac also edited and printed the "Phonetic Journal." Besides printing his own in three books for teaching phonetic shorthand, he had issued a library of about 80 volumes, printed entirely in shorthand, ranging from the Bible to Rasselas. In the autumn of 1874 an international shorthand congress and jubilee of phonography was held in London, and Sir Isaac's family was present with his son. A gold medal from the phonographers of the United States and one from those of Great Britain and the colonies were conferred on him. He also received the honor of knighthood in 1874.

FELL FROM HIS HORSE DEAD.

A Young Kentucky Farmer Killed by an Unknown Person.

RUSSELLVILLE, Ky., Jan. 23.—Jodie Conn, aged 32 years, son of Charles Conn, one of the wealthiest farmers in this county, was killed last night near Black Jack, Tenn., just across the state line, by unknown persons. Conn and about 30 others went to the home of a negro and warned him to leave the county.

After the crowd had finished talking to the negro and were about to turn away, some one fired into them from an upstairs window, and Conn fell from his horse dead. His body was taken to a neighboring house and left, and the crowd fled. Reports say that the negro had been warned had been stealing from the neighboring farmers.

SAVED TWO CHILDREN.

Mother, However, Perished in the Flames With Two Others.

BEDFORD, Pa., Jan. 23.—The house of William Croyle was completely destroyed by fire Saturday, and Mrs. Croyle, with two children, were burned to death. While the fire was raging Mrs. Croyle threw two of the children from the second story to her husband, and then returned to a back room for the other two children.

She was not seen again and when the ruins were searched all that remained of the mother and two children was their charred trunks. One of the children who was thrown from the window was so badly burned that it will die. The father is also badly burned.

HORRIBLE STATE OF AFFAIRS.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—A Cape Town dispatch to The Daily Mail says that reports have been received that famine exists in Rhodesia. Thousands of terribly emaciated native women besiege the native office at Bulawayo, clamoring piteously for food. The natives are flocking to Bulawayo and eating the carcasses of cattle who died from rinderpest and which were buried six months ago. They devour these and as a consequence a terrible mortality prevails among them.

Double Tragedy.

SHREVEPORT, La., Jan. 23.—A dual tragedy occurred yesterday morning, and one man is dead and the other so badly wounded that he can not recover. Rainey E. Carter and S. M. Murphy had an altercation at 3:30 o'clock yesterday morning, and Murphy drew a knife and stabbed Carter three times, mortally wounding him. Carter fired at Murphy, killing him instantly. Both men are well known in this city.

Passenger Train Wrecked.

KNOXVILLE, Jan. 25.—Passenger train No. 3, from Cincinnati, southbound, on the Queen and Crescent, was wrecked at the mouth of a tunnel Saturday at Nemo. The engine and mail car were demolished. Fireman Charles Clark of Somerset was killed and Engineer John Fowler badly hurt. No passengers were injured.

THE MARKETS.

Review of Grain and Livestock Markets For January 25.

Cincinnati Tobacco Market.

Offering for the week. Hhd. 2,247. Receipts for the week. 4,150. As an aid for the week. 1,243. Receipts for the week. 1,050. One day's new for the week. 632. The 1,734 hhd. lot offered this week averaged \$1.15 per lb. 1.9 lb. agents \$3. for 1.32 lb. this, the previous week \$3.61 for 1.127 hhd. the corresponding week last year. The prices on the 1,734 hhd. lots are as follows: 18. 20. 22. 24. 26. 28. 30. 32. 34. 36. 38. 40. 42. 44. 46. 48. 50. 52. 54. 56. 58. 60. 62. 64. 66. 68. 70. 72. 74. 76. 78. 80. 82. 84. 86. 88. 90. 92. 94. 96. 98. 100. 102. 104. 106. 108. 110. 112. 114. 116. 118. 120. 122. 124. 126. 128. 130. 132. 134. 136. 138. 140. 142. 144. 146. 148. 150. 152. 154. 156. 158. 160. 162. 164. 166. 168. 170. 172. 174. 176. 178. 180. 182. 184. 186. 188. 190. 192. 194. 196. 198. 200. 202. 204. 206. 208. 210. 212. 214. 216. 218. 220. 222. 224. 226. 228. 230. 232. 234. 236. 238. 240. 242. 244. 246. 248. 250. 252. 254. 256. 258. 260. 262. 264. 266. 268. 270. 272. 274. 276. 278. 280. 282. 284. 286. 288. 290. 292. 294. 296. 298. 300. 302. 304. 306. 308. 310. 312. 314. 316. 318. 320. 322. 324. 326. 328. 330. 332. 334. 336. 338. 340. 342. 344. 346. 348. 350. 352. 354. 356. 358. 360. 362. 364. 366. 368. 370. 372. 374. 376. 378. 380. 382. 384. 386. 388. 390. 392. 394. 396. 398. 400. 402. 404. 406. 408. 410. 412. 414. 416. 418. 420. 422. 424. 426. 428. 430. 432. 434. 436. 438. 440. 442. 444. 446. 448. 450. 452. 454. 456. 458. 460. 462. 464. 466. 468. 470. 472. 474. 476. 478. 480. 482. 484. 486. 488. 490. 492. 494. 496. 498. 500. 502. 504. 506. 508. 510. 512. 514. 516. 518. 520. 522. 524. 526. 528. 530. 532. 534. 536. 538. 540. 542. 544. 546. 548. 550. 552. 554. 556. 558. 560. 562. 564. 566. 568. 570. 572. 574. 576. 578. 580. 582. 584. 586. 588. 590. 592. 594. 596. 598. 600. 602. 604. 606. 608. 610. 612. 614. 616. 618. 620. 622. 624. 626. 628. 630. 632. 634. 636. 638. 640. 642. 644. 646. 648. 650. 652. 654. 656. 658. 660. 662. 664. 666. 668. 670. 672. 674. 676. 678. 680. 682. 684. 686. 688. 690. 692. 694. 696. 698. 700. 702. 704. 706. 708. 710. 712. 714. 716. 718. 720. 722. 724. 726. 728. 730. 732. 734. 736. 738. 740. 742. 744. 746. 748. 750. 752. 754. 756. 758. 760. 762. 764. 766. 768. 770. 772. 774. 776. 778. 780. 782. 784. 786. 788. 790. 792. 794. 796. 798. 800. 802. 804. 806. 808. 810. 812. 814. 816. 818. 820. 822. 824. 826. 828. 830. 832. 834. 836. 838. 840. 842. 844. 846. 848. 850. 852. 854. 856. 858. 860. 862. 864. 866. 868. 870. 872. 874. 876. 878. 880. 882. 884. 886. 888. 890. 892. 894. 896. 898. 900. 902. 904. 906. 908. 910. 912. 914. 916. 918. 920. 922. 924. 926. 928. 930. 932. 934. 936. 938. 940. 942. 944. 946. 948. 950. 952. 954. 956. 958. 960. 962. 964. 966. 968. 970. 972. 974. 976. 978. 980. 982. 984. 986. 988. 990. 992. 994. 996. 998. 1000.

Pittsburg.

Cattle—Prime, \$1.70; 2nd, \$1.60; 3rd, \$1.50; 4th, \$1.40; 5th, \$1.30; 6th, \$1.20; 7th, \$1.10; 8th, \$1.00; 9th, \$0.90; 10th, \$0.80; 11th, \$0.70; 12th, \$0.60; 13th, \$0.50; 14th, \$0.40; 15th, \$0.30; 16th, \$0.20; 17th, \$0.10; 18th, \$0.00.

Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2, \$1.20; No. 3, \$1.10; No. 4, \$1.00; No. 5, \$0.90; No. 6, \$0.80; No. 7, \$0.70; No. 8, \$0.60; No. 9, \$0.50; No. 10, \$0.40; No. 11, \$0.30; No. 12, \$0.20; No. 13, \$0.10; No. 14, \$0.00.

DUKES.

Sapp and Duke Have 100 Logs To Saw—Dunn—Lynch—Nuptials—J. J. Burnett Will Close His Store.

Simon Rowland was in town Tuesday.

Mrs. Sarah Burnett visited Tuesday, at her daughter's, Mrs. L. J. Jarboe.

And still the farmers roll their tobacco through town, on their way to the Cloverport market.

J. J. Burnett will quit the store in the near future, and go to farming. He will crop this year with Charlie Johnson.

The weather being inclement Wednesday night, there was no prayer services at the Cumberland Presbyterian church. Mr. Wave Rice was very sick Thursday. Dr. Owen, of Cloverport, was out to see him, we have not learned what ails him.

Miss Mary Lynch and Mr. Forest Dunn were married Sunday night, at the home of Hon. R. J. Tindle. Rev. Cicero Corley, officiating.

On account of a leak in their boiler, Sapp and Duke have not been able to saw for a few days. They have near a hundred logs on the yard.

The roads are getting in a bad condition in places, the late rain has softened the ground, and heavy loaded wagons are cutting them up badly.

Farmers are plowing and burning plant beds, and making preparations for another crop, and all are hoping for good times that have been promised by the Republicans.

The ground freezing and thawing so often is hard on the wheat crop. A good snow would be a great help to it. The snow fall in this section, up until now, has been the lightest for a long time.

Miss Dixie Nicholson and Mr. Sam Wheatley were united in the bonds of matrimony Thursday night at the home of the groom. Eq. E. H. Johnson, spoke the words that made them man and wife. May prosperity and happiness attend them along life's journey.

One thing is certain: It will not do to fool with a bad cold. No one can tell what the end will be. Pneumonia, catarrh, chronic bronchitis, if not consumption, invariably result from a neglected cold. It is surprising too, that bad colds are so often neglected when one remembers how easily and at what little expense they may be cured. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is always prompt and effective, and costs but a trifle; 25 or 50 cents is a trifle as compared with the agonizing effort of a neglected cold. Mr. Abner Mercer, of Dilworthtown, Chester county, Pa., in speaking of this remedy, said: "Sometime ago I had a bad cold and cough. I tried almost everything. Finally Mr. Hunt, the druggist, recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and one 50 cent bottle of it cured me entirely." For sale by A. R. Fisher, Druggist.

RAYMOND.

Mr. J. J. Friel spent several days in this neighborhood last week.

Miss Etta May Allen, of Preston, left Monday to attend school at Hardinsburg.

Miss Nellie Shaw spent several days last week with her sister, Mrs. Henry Dutschke.

Mr. Mack Robbins, of Sample, visited Miss Nettie Cashman on the 12th and 13th inst.

We are glad to say Mrs. John Frymire, who has been quite sick for some time, is able to be up again.

Misses Nettie Cashman and Beck Owings were the guests of Miss